

Code analysis for python

Pyflakes, Pychecker & Pylint

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Why Bother?

- ▶ The aim -> improve code quality
 - ▶ trivially a good idea
- ▶ Detect obvious errors & warn of dangerous constructs
- ▶ Static analysis has limitations, especially when dealing with flexible languages like python
 - ▶ Remains a useful additional tool

Other tools

- ▶ rats (Rough Auding Tool for Security) - checks for possibly insecure code constructs. Very limited python support
- ▶ django-lint - wrapper around pylint for django projects. Includes several additional django specific checks
- ▶ owasp-python-static-analysis - static input validation for python web apps. Still very much under development
- ▶ Starkiller - type inference analysis. Intended to be a part of a more complete static analysis project, but seems to have died.
- ▶ clonedigger - detects duplicated blocks of code

Pyflakes

- ▶ Pure static analysis of the parse tree
- ▶ Checks only for logic errors, no style checks
- ▶ Comparatively limited range of errors detected
- ▶ No support for modules, will check only files on command line or all files in directories on the command line
- ▶ Very fast - cheap enough to be setup as a simple pre-commit check or called from an editor

Pychecker

- ▶ Actually imports the file/module - somewhat different semantics from the other checkers
- ▶ More thorough set of checks than pyflakes
- ▶ Development has been slow - pretty much dead during 2006 & 2007, but picked up in 2008.
- ▶ Will recursively check imports (can be annoying for the standard library, so various checks can be disabled)
- ▶ Can be imported into the module space, so checks also done at runtime
- ▶ Quite configurable - limit checks via command line, config file, or using `_pychecker_` hints in the program

Pylint

- ▶ Purely static analysis of the parse tree
- ▶ Adds lots of style checks
- ▶ Very configurable - can specify naming conventions, etc.
- ▶ Can be controlled by commandline options, configfile and comments in the file
- ▶ Nice report formatting options
 - ▶ “-f colorized” rocks
 - ▶ Total score, with configurable metrics
 - ▶ Caches previous results - useful for spotting changes that need closer attention
- ▶ Warns of duplicated code, although is across files - doesn't detect copy and paste within a file.
 - ▶ Test is also very simplistic, and easily fooled by minor style changes

Customisation

- ▶ Pyflakes - no configuration options
- ▶ Pycchecker:
 - ▶ Enable/ Disable checks (several checks default to off)
 - ▶ Supports lists of acceptable names for various checks (dummy variables, etc)
 - ▶ Warning can be enabled/disabled locally using `__pychecker__` variable, but note scoping effects.
- ▶ Pylint: Most flexible of the three
 - ▶ allows specifying regexes for naming conventions,
 - ▶ Warnings can be selectively enabled/disabled by infile comments (although repeated enables & disables is a bit buggy at times)
 - ▶ Plugin support

Extending Pylint

- ▶ Can add additional checks using plugins
- ▶ Two types of plugin - RawChecker & ASTNGChecker
- ▶ RawChecker - Fed lines from the file directory
 - ▶ Good for various formatting checks (mixing spaces & tabs, etc).
- ▶ ASTNGChecker
 - ▶ Pylint uses an extended version of the default python AST
 - ▶ Stores a bunch of extra state in the AST for use in checkers
- ▶ Things to note
 - ▶ Message ID's must be unique (used as dictionary keys)
 - ▶ Config file sections are assumed to be per-checker.
Extended/accessing existing config sections fiddly
 - ▶ Checkers initialised only once per run, not per file.